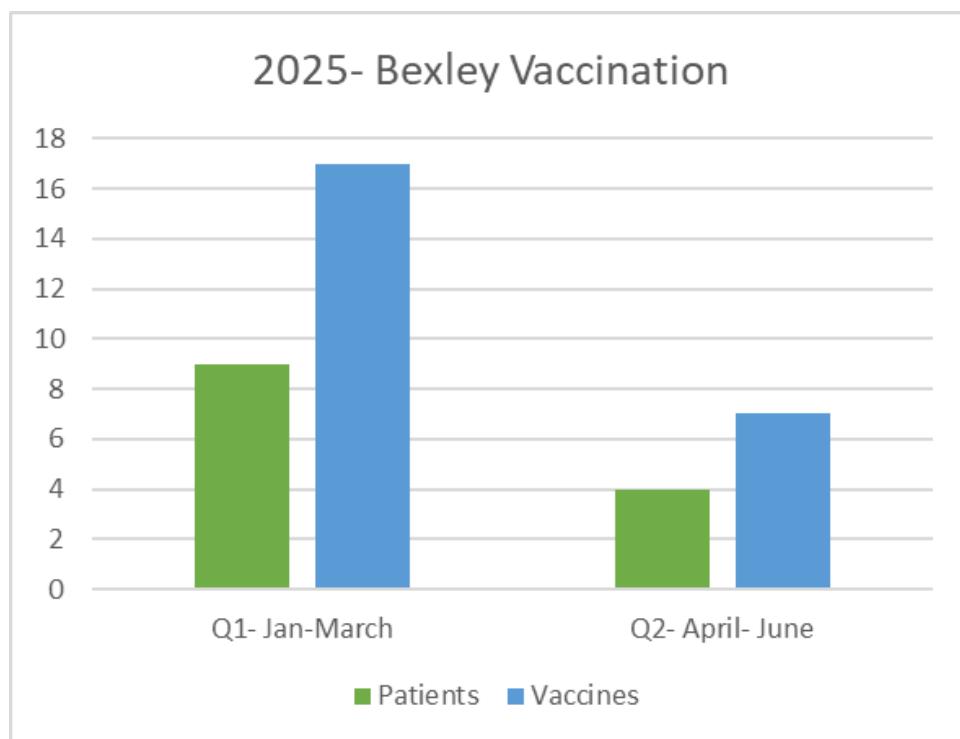




### **Bexley Immunization Data**

From April 1, 2025, to June 30, 2025, a total of 4 patients from Bexley received 7 vaccinations at FCPH's routine childhood and adult vaccination clinics.



### **Bexley Maternal and Child Health Data**

From April 1, 2025, to June 30, 2025, public health nurses provided comprehensive case management services to 15 families of children with complex medical conditions residing in Bexley.



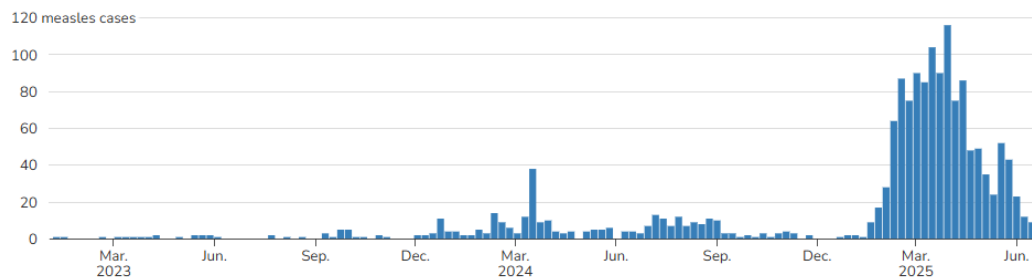
## **Infectious Disease Section**

### **2025 Measles Cases and Outbreaks**

- **As of June 24, 2025, a total of 1,227 confirmed measles cases had been reported across 37 jurisdictions** in the United States. These jurisdictions include Alaska, Arkansas, Arizona, California, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York City, New York State, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, and Washington.
- There have been 23 reported measles outbreaks, with 89% of all confirmed cases, 1,088 out of 1,227 being associated with these outbreaks.
- In comparison, during the entire year of 2024, there were 16 reported outbreaks, and 69% of cases, 198 out of 285 were linked to outbreak settings. These figures reflect a significant increase in both the number of outbreaks and the proportion of outbreak associated cases from one year to the next.

### **2023-2025 Weekly Measles Cases by Rash Onset Date - Data Through June 24, 2025**

2023-2025\* (as of June 24, 2025)



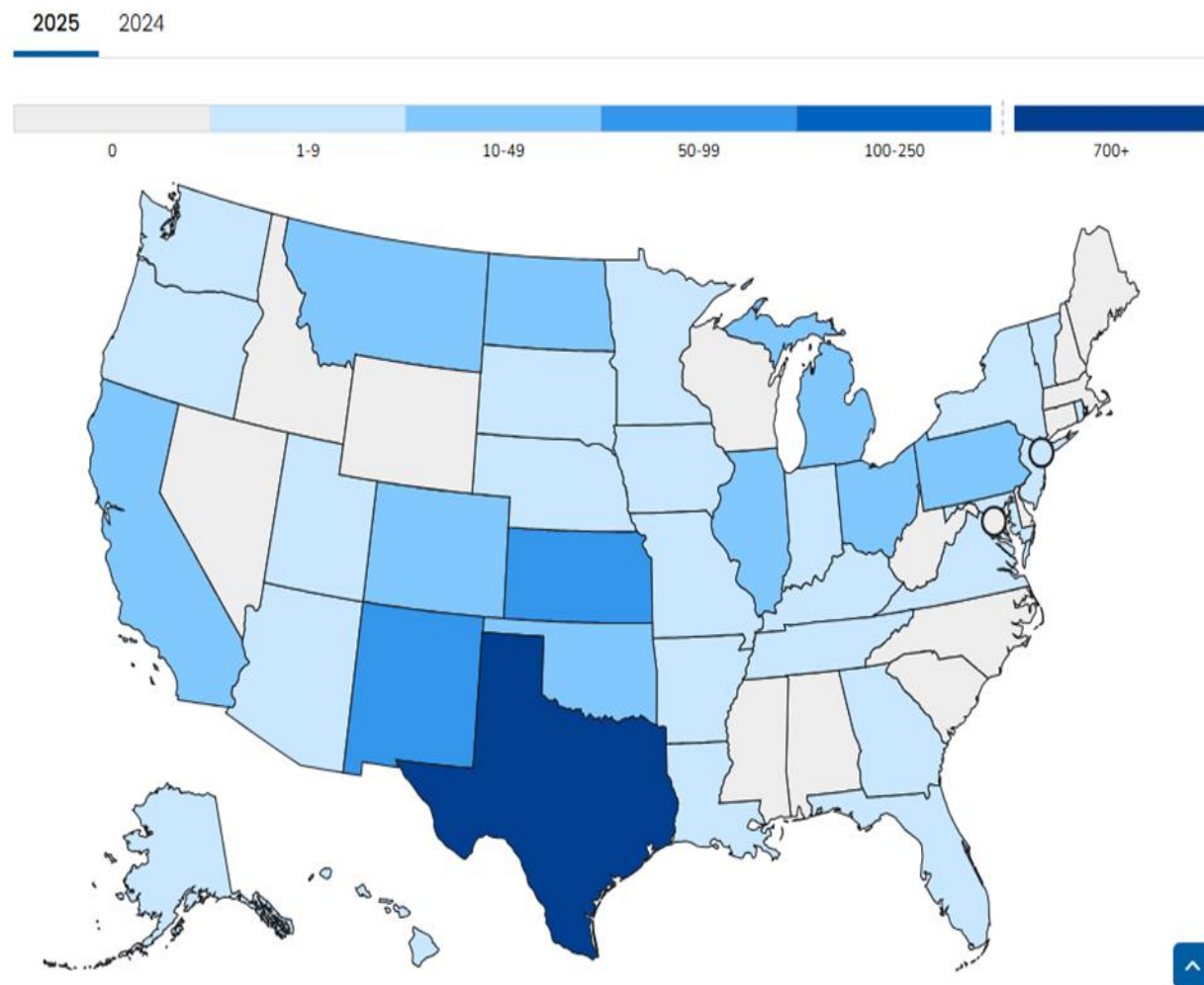


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[www.mycph.org](http://www.mycph.org)

## Division of Prevention & Wellness Bexley Board of Health Report July 2025

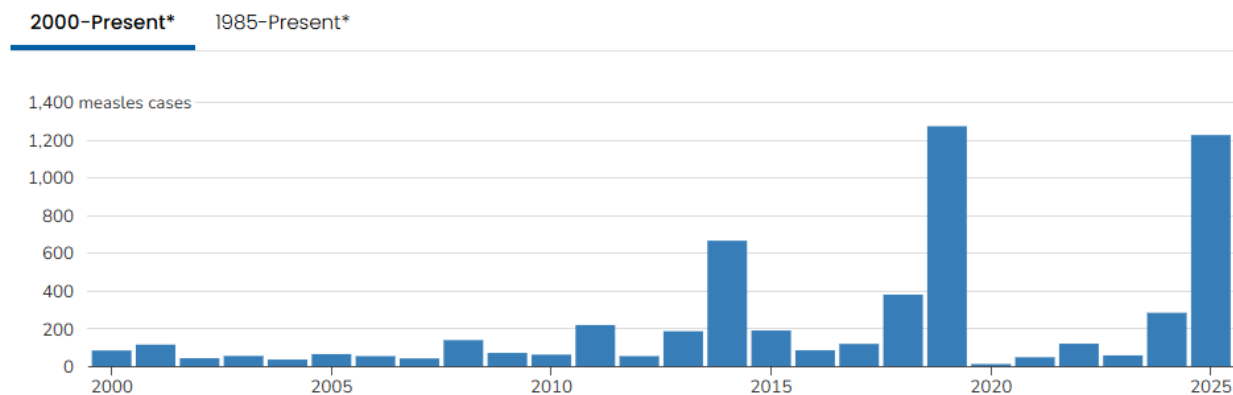
### 2000-2025 Yearly Measles Cases - Data Through June 24, 2025

as of June 24, 2025





as of June 24, 2025



### 2025 Case Map – Data as of June 24, 2025

#### U.S. Cases in 2025

Total cases

**1227**

##### Age

Under 5 years: **355 (29%)**

5-19 years: **455 (37%)**

20+ years: **404 (33%)**

Age unknown: **13 (1%)**

##### Vaccination Status

Unvaccinated or Unknown: **95%**

One MMR dose: **2%**

Two MMR doses: **3%**

#### U.S. Hospitalizations in 2025

**12%**

12% of cases hospitalized (148 of 1227).

##### Percent of Age Group Hospitalized

Under 5 years: **20% (72 of 355)**

5-19 years: **8% (35 of 455)**

20+ years: **10% (40 of 404)**

Age unknown: **8% (1 of 13)**

#### U.S. Deaths in 2025

**3**

There have been 3 confirmed deaths from measles



### MMR vaccine coverage for kindergarteners by school year (2009–2024)

The MMR (measles, mumps, and rubella) vaccine is both extremely safe and highly effective. Once vaccination coverage in a community exceeds 95%, herd immunity protects nearly everyone—including those who can't receive the vaccine.

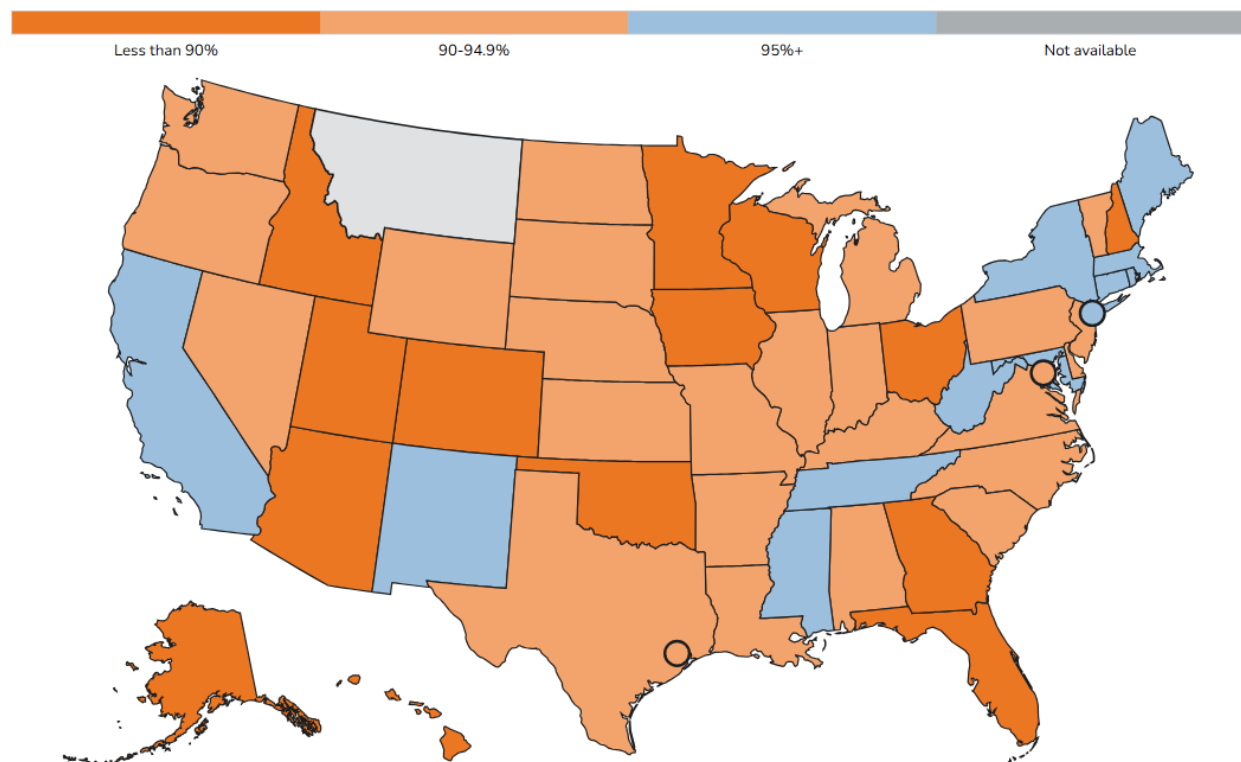
However, among U.S. kindergartners, coverage has declined from 95.2% in the 2019–2020 school year to 92.7% in 2023–2024, leaving around 280,000 young children vulnerable during the most recent school year.

For detailed MMR vaccination data, including state-level trends and exemption rates, explore [VaxView](#).

At local levels, vaccine coverage rates may vary considerably, and pockets of unvaccinated people can exist in states with high vaccination coverage. When measles gets into communities of unvaccinated people in the United States, outbreaks can occur.

2023–24 ▼

#### Percent Vaccinated



Source: [CDC Measles Cases and Outbreaks page](#)



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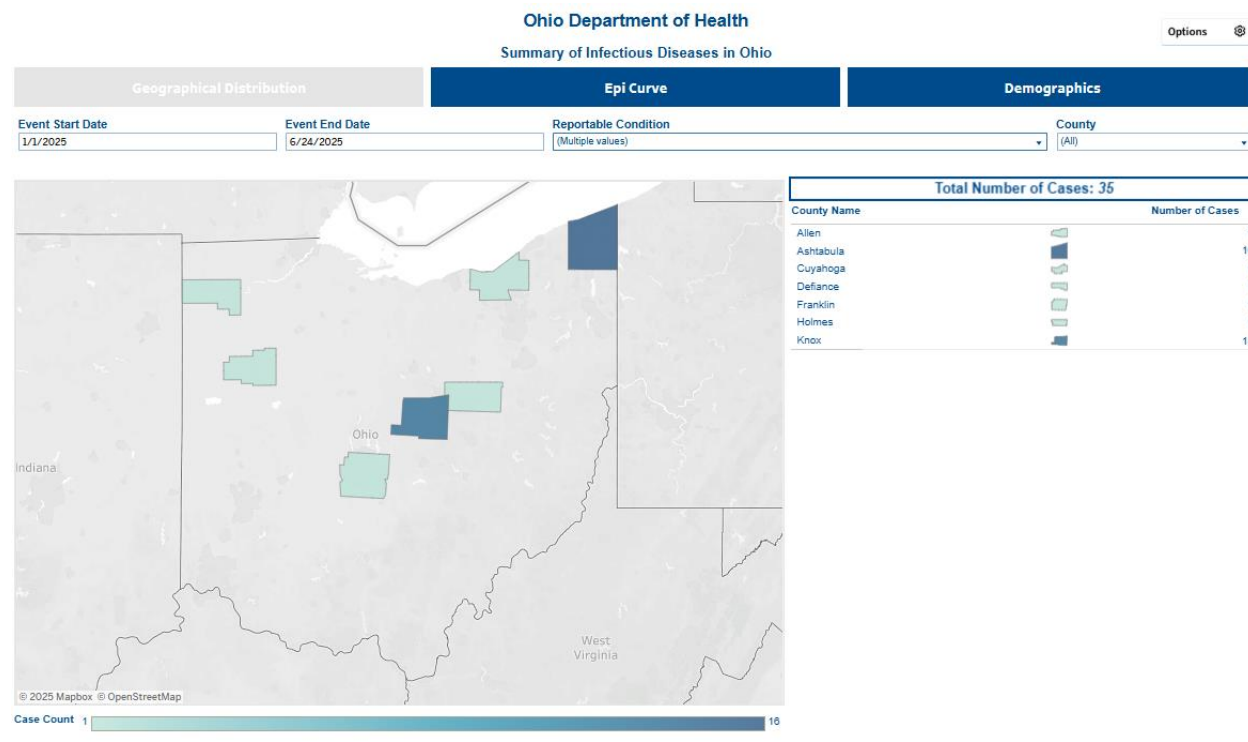
# Division of Prevention & Wellness

## Bexley Board of Health Report

### July 2025

## Ohio Measles Update

No new reported cases over the last 6 weeks in Ohio. Since, two incubation periods have passed without new cases, this outbreak has ended.



Total Cases: 35		Hospitalization: 1 (2.9%)	
Age Range: 0 - 64 years Median Age: 16 years		Illness Onset Range: February 24, 2025 - May 20, 2025	
		Sex:** Male: 14 (40.0%) Female: 21 (60.0%)	
		Percentages may not sum to 100% as the sex of some records may be unknown.	
Race:**		Ethnicity:**	
Black	1 2.9%	Non Hispanic Or Non Latino	22 62.9%
Unknown	8 22.9%	Unknown	13 37.1%
White	26 74.3%		

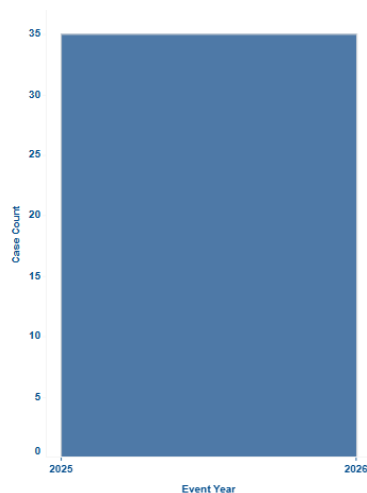
\*\* In order to protect the identities of those involved, Sex, Race, and Ethnicity values will be masked when the total case count is less than 10 cases.



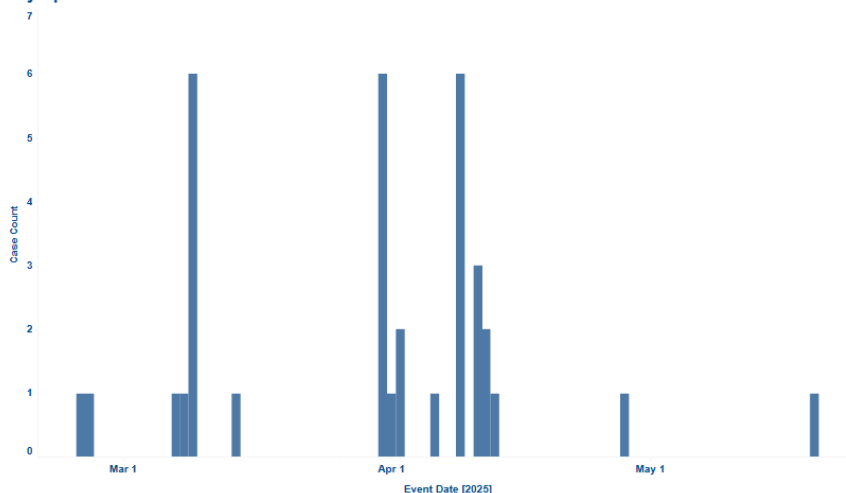
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## Division of Prevention & Wellness Bexley Board of Health Report July 2025

Annual Case Count

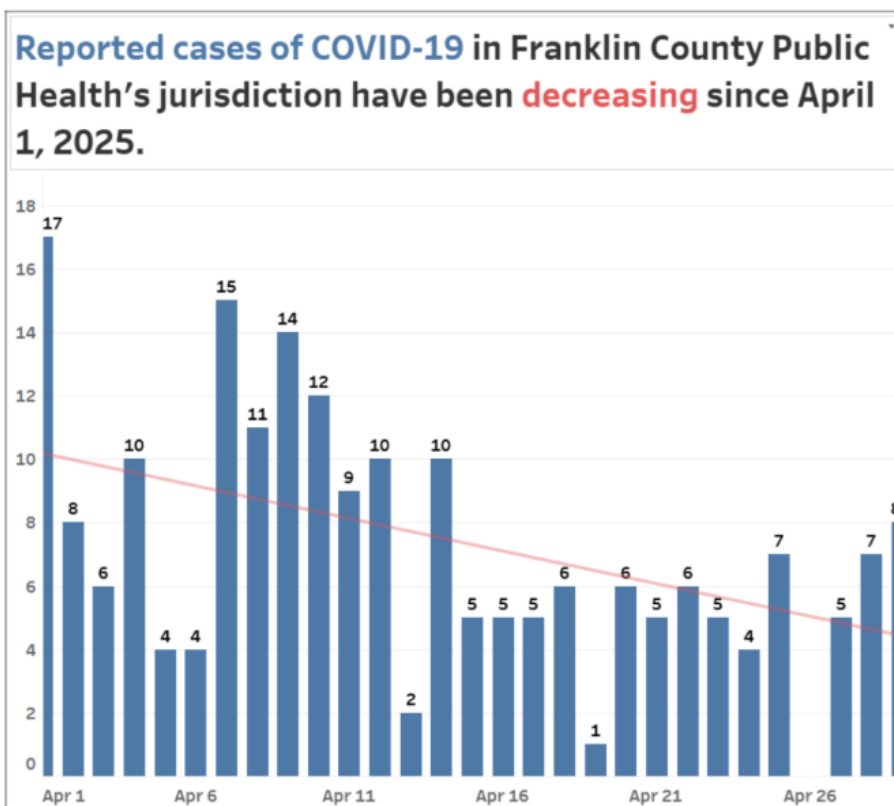


Daily Epi Curve\*\*

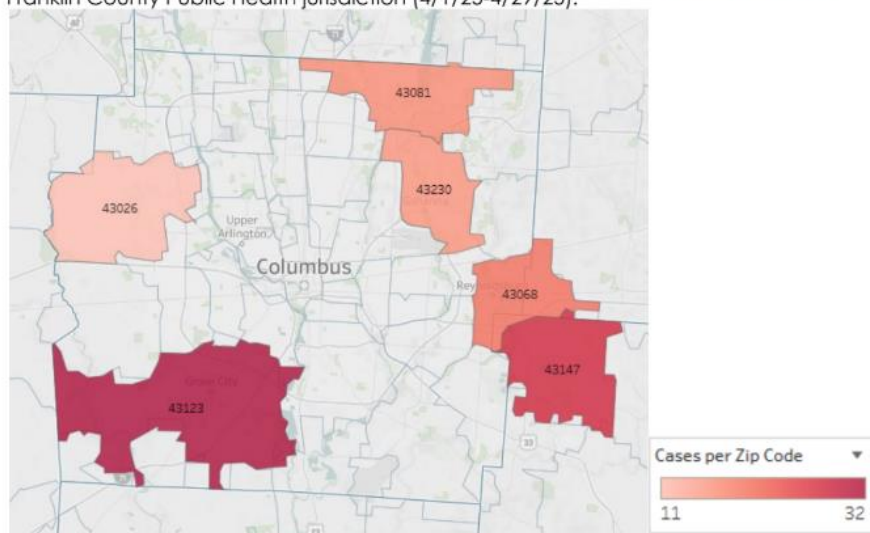


On the Annual Case Count chart, click on the bar for a specific year to filter the Daily Epi Curve to that year. The Daily Epi Curve will default to all data in the selected Event Date Range when no selection is made.  
\*\* In order to protect the identified of those involved, the Daily Epi Curve is a Monthly Epi Curve (all dates shown as the first of the month) if the total case count is less than 10.

### COVID-19 Update



Over the past 4 weeks, 43123 and 43147 have seen the majority of **COVID-19 Cases** in Franklin County Public Health jurisdiction (4/1/25-4/29/25).



Source: <https://vax2normol.org/>

## Respiratory Illnesses Data Channel

This site is updated on Fridays.

For Everyone  
JUNE 27, 2025

### NOTICE

This website will be updated on Monday, July 7, 2025, due to the federal holiday on Friday, July 4, 2025.

### WHAT TO KNOW

- As of June 27, 2025, the amount of acute respiratory illness causing people to seek health care is at a very low level.
- Seasonal influenza activity is low. COVID-19 and RSV activity is very low.
- The community snapshot shows activity levels using the following colors:  
Very Low , Low , Moderate , High , Very High .

Nationally,  
**Respiratory  
Illness**  
causing people to  
seek healthcare is

**VERY  
LOW**





## Your community snapshot

Search for your state / territory and your county to receive information on COVID-19, flu, and RSV in your community

Ohio



The CDC may not have data for all states, counties, or territories. [Read more »](#)

### Overall respiratory illness activity in **Ohio**

**Very Low**

**What it is:** A measure of how frequently a wide variety of respiratory symptoms and conditions are diagnosed by emergency department doctors, ranging from the common cold to COVID-19, flu, and RSV.

**Why it matters:** Summarizes the total impact of respiratory illnesses, regardless of which diseases are causing people to get sick.

### Emergency department visits in **Ohio**

**COVID-19**

**Very Low**  
No Change

**Flu**

**Very Low**  
Decreasing ↘

**RSV**

**Very Low**  
No Change

**What it is:** A measure of how many people are seeking medical care in emergency departments.

**Why it matters:** When levels are high, it may indicate that infections are making people sick enough to require treatment.



## Wastewater viral activity level in **Ohio**

COVID-19	Flu†	RSV
Very Low	Low	Very Low

**What it is:** A measure of how much virus is present in sewage.

**Why it matters:** People with certain infections can shed pieces of viruses when using the bathroom, showering, or washing clothes — even if they don't have symptoms. Testing wastewater (sewage) helps us track infection levels in the community, including when people aren't going to the doctor.

† Flu levels are for Influenza A only, which includes [avian influenza A\(H5\)](#). Wastewater data can not determine the source of viruses (from humans, animals, or animal products).

Source: [CDC Respiratory Illnesses Data Channel](#)

### **Weekly national summary**

Reported on Friday, June 27, 2025

#### **COVID-19**

COVID-19 wastewater activity, emergency department visits, and laboratory percent positivity are at very low levels.

#### **Influenza**

Seasonal influenza activity is low.

Additional information about current influenza activity can be found at: [Weekly U.S. Influenza Surveillance Report | CDC](#).

#### **RSV**

RSV activity has declined to low levels.

#### **Vaccination**

New research finding: In the first RSV season with widespread availability of RSV prevention products (maternal vaccine and nirsevimab), RSV-associated hospitalization rates among infants were lower than in pre-pandemic seasons. A report released in the [May 8, 2025, MMWR](#) demonstrated that in 2024–25, RSV hospitalization rates were

45-52% lower in infants younger than 3 months old and 28-43% lower in infants younger than 8 months old compared to 2018-2020 seasons before product introduction.

## Other Respiratory Illnesses

### **Mycoplasma pneumoniae**


Respiratory infections caused by the bacteria *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* remain elevated in some areas of the United States over the last few weeks as indicated by emergency department visits and test positivity. *M. pneumoniae* infections are generally mild but can sometimes be severe, causing what's known as "walking pneumonia." Most people will recover without medicine, but some need antibiotics to get better.

Learn more: [About Mycoplasma pneumoniae Infection](#) | [M. pneumoniae](#) | [CDC](#).

### **Pertussis**


Preliminary case reports for whooping cough (pertussis) are lower than their peak in November 2024, although they remain elevated in 2025 compared with immediately before the pandemic. There's no distinct seasonal pattern to whooping cough, but past trends suggest that cases may increase in summer and fall. Whooping cough is very contagious and can spread easily from person to person. Babies younger than 1 year old are at highest risk of severe disease and complications. The best way to prevent complications from whooping cough is to get vaccinated. Learn more: [About Whooping Cough](#) | [Whooping Cough](#) | [CDC](#).

## Respiratory Virus Guidance Snapshot




**Core prevention strategies**


**Immunizations**




**Hygiene**




**Steps for Cleaner Air**




**Treatment**




**Stay Home and Prevent Spread\***






**Additional prevention strategies**


**Masks**



**Distancing**




**Tests**




**Layering prevention strategies can be especially helpful when:**


- ✓ Respiratory viruses are causing a lot of illness in your community
- ✓ You or those around you have risk factors for severe illness
- ✓ You or those around you were recently exposed, are sick, or are recovering

**\*Stay home and away from others until, for 24 hours BOTH:**

  
 Your symptoms are getting better

+

  
 You are fever-free (without meds)

 **Then take added precaution for the next 5 days**

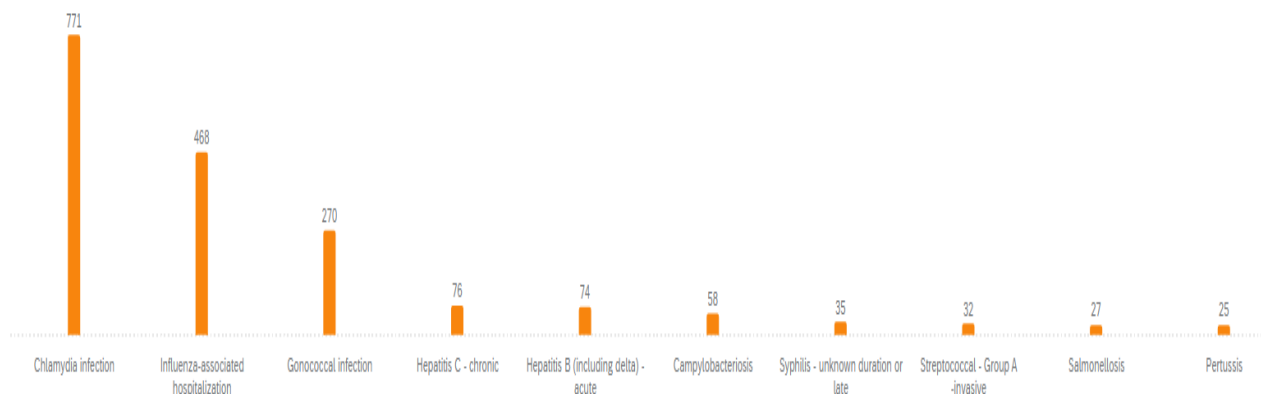
<sup>S</sup> CDC's respiratory virus guidance consists of 5 core and 3 additional prevention strategies.

source: <https://www.cdc.gov/respiratory-viruses/data/index.html>



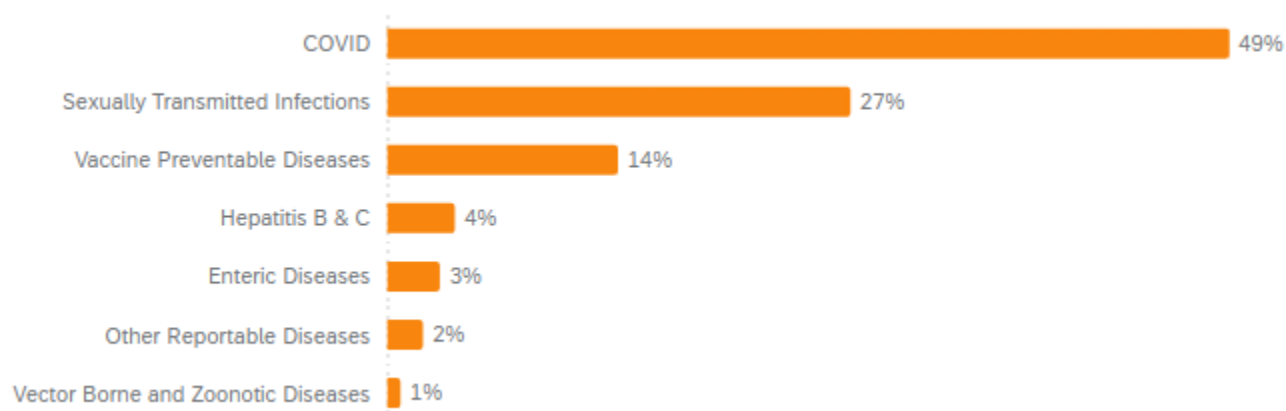
## FCPH Reportable Diseases/Conditions Data

### 2025 FCPH Top 10 Reportable Conditions



*Contains suspected, probable, and confirmed cases. Does not include HIV, syphilis, or COVID-19 data. Values below 10 have been hidden for confidentiality purposes.*

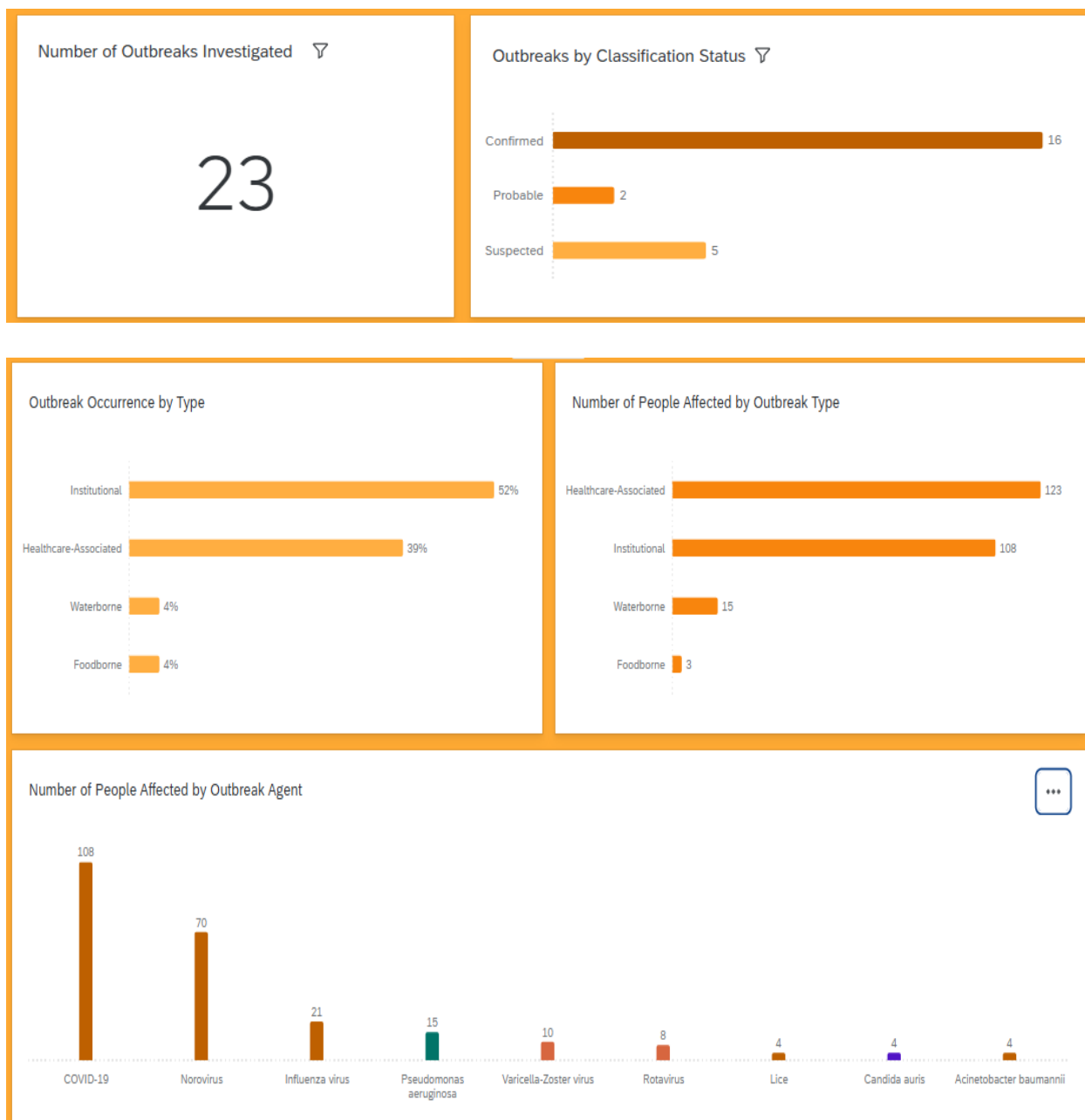
### 2025 FCPH Reportable Condition by Category



*HIV data was excluded from STI category.*



## 2025 FCPH Outbreaks



Data are current as of 6/30/2025.

Contains Suspected, Probable, and Confirmed cases.

Cases counts labeled as <10 due to confidentiality purposes.

Counts do not include cases in cities of Columbus and Worthington; only FCPH jurisdictions are included.

HIV data is excluded.

Respectfully submitted by Alex Jones, Assistant Health Commissioner/Director of  
Prevention & Wellness, July 3, 2025